

## Earth Day Network - Urban Environment Report

QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.0.1	Quality of Life (SITES) EDN FINAL SCORE	Refers to the growth of a metropolitan area	These are factors that affect quality of life, household environment, neighborhood environment, school environment etc.		
D.0.3	Quality of Life (SITES) EDN VI Risk SCORE				
D.0.7	Quality of Life (SITES) EDN RANK				
D.0.8	Quality of Life (SITES) EDN VI Risk RANK				
D.1.1	Density per sq. mi. land area, Population (2000)	The number of people per square mile	Affects sociology and future of an environment.		U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.1	Density per sq. mi. land area, Population (2000) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.2.1	Density per sq. mi. land area, Housing units (2000)	The number of houses per square mile	Affects land use and environmental resources.		U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.2	Density per sq. mi. land area, Housing units (2000) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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D.3.1	Under 5 years of age (2004 est)	<p>Population under 5 years of age. This is generally derived from date of birth information, and is based on the age of the person in complete years. The Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program (PEP) produces July 1 estimates for years after the last published decennial census (2000), as well as for past decades. POP estimates are used in Federal funding allocations, in setting the levels of national surveys, and in monitoring recent demographic changes.</p> <p>Definition:  <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>                      (glossary)</p>	<p>Indicates the number of children that are most vulnerable because of their dependence on adult household members who may be unable to take care of them do to external circumstances.</p>	<p>Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY</p>	<p>US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 &amp; 2004. 23 June 2006.  <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>;  <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/MYPGeoSearchByListServlet?_ts=178627183468">http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/MYPGeoSearchByListServlet?_ts=178627183468</a>;  <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/QTGeoSearchByListServlet?ds_name=DEC_2000_SF1_U&amp;_lang=en&amp;_ts=178628391734">http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/QTGeoSearchByListServlet?ds_name=DEC_2000_SF1_U&amp;_lang=en&amp;_ts=178628391734</a>&gt;.</p>

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D.3.2	Under 5 years of age % (2004 est)	This is is the portion of the population under 5 years. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.	Indicates the portion of children that are most vulnerable because of their dependence on adult household members who may be unable to take care of them do to external circumstances.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	EDN Calculation:
D.4.1	Under 15 years of age (2004 est)	This is generally derived from date of birth information, and is based on the age of the person in complete years. The Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program (PEP) produces July 1 estimates for years after the last published decennial census (2000), as well as for past decades. POP estimates are used in Federal funding allocations, in setting the levels of national surveys, and in monitoring recent demographic changes.  Definition: <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/</a>	To understand the amount of the population under 15 years of age and how they are affected by the environment in which they live.	estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilminton, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>

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D.4.2	Under 15 years of age % (2004 est)	This is is the portion of the population under 15 years. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.	Indicates the portion of the population under 15 years of age and how they are affected by the environment in which they live.	estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	EDN Calculation:
D.5.1	18 years and over (2004 est)	and over. This is generally derived from date of birth information, and is based on the age of the person in complete years. The Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program (PEP) produces July 1 estimates for years after the last published decennial census (2000), as well as for past decades. POP estimates are used in Federal funding allocations, in setting the levels of national surveys, and in monitoring recent demographic changes. Definition: <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/</a>	To understand the adult make up of a population and the they play within their environment	estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne,	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.

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D.5.2	18 years and over % (2004 est)	<p>This is is the portion of the population 18 years and over. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.</p> <p>Definition:  <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>                      (glossary)</p>	<p>This indicator indicates the portion of the population over 18 years of age and how growing up in a particular environment has influenced the choices that are open to them.</p>	<p>estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY</p>	EDN Calculation:
D.6	65 years and over % (2004 est)	<p>This is is the portion of the population 65 years and over. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100.</p> <p>Definition:  <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>                      (glossary)</p>	<p>This indicator indicates the portion of the population who are 65 years and over and how aging affects their standard of living.</p>	<p>estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington,</p>	<p>US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 &amp; 2004. 27 June 2006.                      &lt;<a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>&gt;.</p>

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D.7	Median Age, years (2004 est)	This measure divides the age distribution in a stated area into two equal parts: one-half of the population falling below the median value and one-half above the median value. <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> (glossary)	Indicates the average age of a specific population in a geographical location, and the possible economic and environmental.	estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.8	Disability Status % (2004 est)	disabled. A long-lasting physical, mental, or emotional condition. This condition can make it difficult for a person to do activities such as walking, climbing stairs, dressing, bathing, learning, or remembering. This condition can also impede a person from being able to go outside the home alone or to work at a job or business. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and	Shows the portion of the population who need assistance for daily living that may require providing special living accommodations. Indicates the amount of the budget set aside for people with disabilities.	estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.

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D.9	Speak other (non-English) languages at home % (2004 est)	The percentage of the population that speaks a language other than English in the home. This measure is calculated by taking the number of items in a group possessing a characteristic of interest and dividing by the total number of items in that group, and then multiplying by 100. Definition: <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> (glossary)	Indicates the changing nature of populations in a city and the nature of services that city governments need to provide.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.10.1	Mean Trvl Time to Work, minutes (2000)	The average travel time to work.	Reveals information about whether or not people are working in their local environments or commuting else where.		U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov">Factfinder.census.gov</a> >.
D.10	Mean Trvl Time to Work, minutes (2000) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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D.11.1	Mean travel time to work, minutes (2004 est.)	Average travel time to work by minutes.	May be used for comparison with other years in seeing the shifting affects of populations on the transportation system.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.11	Mean travel time to work, minutes (2004 est.) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.12.1	Means of Transport - % Carpool (2000)	The portion of people who drive to work together (also known as carpool).	Reveals information about gasoline usage, as well as a new approach to automobile useage as people assess their impact on the environment.	2004 data not presented in same subsets and not available	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov">Factfinder.census.gov</a> >.
D.12	Means of Transport - % Carpool (2000) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.13.1	Means of Transport - % Public (2000)	The portion of people who travel to work via public transportation.	Indicates use and effectiveness of public transportation as well as how people view their affect on the environment.	2004 data not presented in same subsets and not available	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov">Factfinder.census.gov</a> >.

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D.13	Means of Transport - % Public (2000) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.14.1	Means of Transport - % Walk + Bike (2000)	The portion of people who travel to work by bike or by foot.	Examines proximity between home and work, health consciousness as well as how people view their affect on the environment.	2004 data not presented in same subsets and not available	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.14	Means of Transport - % Walk + Bike (2000) SCORE	The portion of people who travel to work by bike or by foot.	Examines proximity between home and work, health consciousness as well as how people view their affect on the environment.		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.15.1	Means of Transport - % Work @ Home (2000)	The portion of people who work at home.	Indicates the portion of the population who don't contribute to pollution or traffic congestion because they don't commute to work.	2004 data not presented in same subsets and not available	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.15	Means of Transport - % Work @ Home (2000) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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D.16.1	Cost of Living: Transportation (% of National Average)	The cost of living is the monetary cost of maintaining a particular standard of living; its fluctuations are closely tied to rates of inflation and deflation. To estimate the cost of living, such items as food, clothing, rent, fuel, and miscellaneous items such as recreation, transportation, and medical services are considered. The cost of living is usually measured by calculating the average cost of a number of these particular goods and services; the average cost is then used as an index for a given cluster of consumables. Definition Encyclopedia of American History: <a href="http://www.answers.com/topic/cost-of-living">http://www.answers.com/topic/cost-of-living</a> The portion of income spent on transportation.	Indicates the portion of the populations' budget that is set aside for transportation costs enabling them to go to work or school and how an increase/decrease/stagnant earnings has on other components of their budget.		Sperling's Best Places. Various. 26 June 2006. <a href="http://www.bestplaces.net/city">www.bestplaces.net/city</a> .
D.16	Cost of Living: Transportation (% of National Average) SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.17.1	1980 Motor Vehicle Registrations (in thousands)	The number of motor vehicles registered per state in 1980.	Indicates how many people are using motor vehicles and the affect on quality of life and the environment.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1081. State Motor Vehicle Registrations, 1980 to 2003, and Licensed Drivers and Motorcycle Registrations by State, 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <a href="http://www.census.gov">www.census.gov</a> .

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DD.17.2	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations (in thousands)	The number of motor vehicles registered per state in 2003.	Indicates how many people are using motor vehicles and the affect on quality of life and the environment.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1081. State Motor Vehicle Registrations, 1980 to 2003, and Licensed Drivers and Motorcycle Registrations by State, 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <www.census.gov>.
DD.17.3	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations per 100 Residents	Out of 100 residents, the number of people who have registered a motor vehicle in a state.	Indicates how many people in a particular geographical location own a motor vehicle(s) which may indicate how viable other means of transportation are and how the community is laid out in terms of available services.		EDN Calculation:
DD.17	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations per 100 Residents SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.18.1	Change in Motor Vehicle Registrations (1980 to 2003) %	The increase/decrease in the number of people who have registered motor vehicles from 1980-2003.	Indicates whether the proportion people who own motor vehicles has increased or decreased in the past 23 years.		EDN Calculation:
DD.18	Change in Motor Vehicle Registrations (1980 to 2003) % SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.19.1	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations - Autos Only (in thousands)	The number of people who have registered automobiles.	Indicates how many people have registered a motor vehicle as a mode of transportation and the value people place on this means of transportation.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1081. State Motor Vehicle Registrations, 1980 to 2003, and Licensed Drivers and Motorcycle Registrations by State, 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <www.census.gov>.

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DD.19.2	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations - Autos Only per 100 Residents	Out of 100 residents, the number of people who have registered a motor vehicle in a state.	Indicates how many people in one area have cars and how this impacts quality of life and the environment.		EDN Calculation:
DD.19	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations - Autos Only per 100 Residents SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.20.1	2003 Licensed Drivers (in thousands)	The number of people who have a driver's license.	Indicates how many people can drive the automobile that they registered and how this affects congestion which leads to a higher level of air pollution, increase in accidents and affects quality of life .		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1081. State Motor Vehicle Registrations, 1980 to 2003, and Licensed Drivers and Motorcycle Registrations by State, 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <www.census.gov>.
DD.20.2	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations per Licensed Driver	For every licensed driver, the number of people who have a registered motor vehicle.	Indicates whether there is more than one registered motor vehicle per licensed driver and the value people place on automobile ownership over their concerns for the environment.		EDN Calculation:
DD.20	2003 Motor Vehicle Registrations per Licensed Driver SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.21.1	Total State Highway Mileage, 2003	The total amount of miles driven on state maintained highways.	Indicates whether there has been an increase or decrease in the usage of highways by individuals owning automobiles and what impact that has on budget allocation for highway maintenance at the expense of other services.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1067 and Highway Mileage - Functional Systems and Urban/Rural: 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <www.census.gov>.

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DD.21.2	Total State Highway Mileage, 2003 as % of Land Area (estimate)	Uses 12' as the average/most common lane/road width (based on info from Federal Highway Administration at <a href="http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/ohim/hs03/re.htm">http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policy/ohim/hs03/re.htm</a> )	Indicates the portion of land area lost to highways which affects air pollution, increase in respiratory problems, habitat loss and contributes to an increase of heat generation.		EDN Calculation:
DD.21	Total State Highway Mileage, 2003 as % of Land Area (estimate) SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.22.1	Urban State Highway Mileage, 2003	Total amount of miles traveled in the urban areas of the state.	Reflects useage of urban roads for economic purposes, condition of roads and amount of budget for maintenance. Indicator of air pollution which impact peoples' respiratory health.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1067 and Highway Mileage - Functional Systems and Urban/Rural: 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.census.gov">www.census.gov</a> >.
DD.22.2	Urban State Highway Mileage as % of Total, 2003	The portion of the total amount of miles driven in urban areas on state highways.	Reflects portion of useage of urban roads for economic purposes, condition of roads and amount of budget for maintenance. Indicator of air pollution levels which may impact peoples' respiratory health.		EDN Calculation:
DD.22	Urban State Highway Mileage as % of Total, 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.23.1	Total Highway Mileage per Licensed Driver in 2003	The amount of miles driven on state highways for each licensed driver.			EDN Calculation:
DD.23	Total Highway Mileage per Licensed Driver in 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution

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DD.24.1	Total Highway Mileage per MV Registration in 2003	The total amount of miles driven on state highways for each motor vehicle registered.			EDN Calculation:
DD.24	Total Highway Mileage per MV Registration in 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.25.1	State Disbursements for Highways (millions of \$) in 1995	Comprises disbursements from current revenues or loans for construction, maintenance, interest and principal payments on highway bonds, transfers to local units and miscellaneous. Includes transactions by State toll authorities. Excludes amounts allocated for collection expenses and nonhighway purposes and bonds redeemed by refunding. Definition: <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/translnd.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/translnd.pdf</a>	Shows how much money states are willing to spend to keep highways in good condition verses allocation of money for a public transportation system.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1077 and State Disbursements for Highways by State: 1995 to 2003, 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.census.gov">www.census.gov</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
DD.25.2	State Disbursements for Highways (millions of \$) in 2003	Comprises disbursements from current revenues or loans for construction, maintenance, interest and principal payments on highway bonds, transfers to local units and miscellaneous. Includes transactions by State toll authorities. Excludes amounts allocated for collection expenses and nonhighway purposes and bonds redeemed by refunding. Definition: <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/transInd.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/transInd.pdf</a>	Shows how much money states are willing to spend to keep highways in good condition verses allocation of money for a public transportation system.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1077 and State Disbursements for Highways by State: 1995 to 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.census.gov">www.census.gov</a> >.
DD.25.3	Change in State Disbursements for Highways (millions of \$) 1995 to 2003 (%)	Change in the amount of money that comprises disbursements from current revenues or loans for construction, maintenance, interest and principal payments on highway bonds, transfers to local units and miscellaneous. Includes transactions by State toll authorities. Excludes amounts allocated for collection expenses and nonhighway purposes and bonds redeemed by refunding. Definition: <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/transInd.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/transInd.pdf</a>	Indicates a shift in the portion of money spent on state highways.		EDN Calculation:

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
DD.25	Change in State Disbursements for Highways (millions of \$) 1995 to 2003 (%) SCORE	Change in the amount of money that states spend on highways for maintenance and services, and grants in aid, etc.	Indicates a shift in the amount of money spent on state highways.		EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.26.1	State Disbursements for Highways in 2003, per highway mile	Comprises disbursements from current revenues or loans for construction, maintenance, interest and principal payments on highway bonds, transfers to local units and miscellaneous. Includes transactions by State toll authorities. Excludes amounts allocated for collection expenses and nonhighway purposes and bonds redeemed by refunding. Definition: <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/transInd.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/transInd.pdf</a> (for each mile)	Shows how much money states are willing to spend to keep highways in good condition.		EDN Calculation:

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
DD.26	State Disbursements for Highways (millions of \$) in 2003, per highway mile SCORE	Comprises disbursements from current revenues or loans for construction, maintenance, interest and principal payments on highway bonds, transfers to local units and miscellaneous. Includes transactions by State toll authorities. Excludes amounts allocated for collection expenses and nonhighway purposes and bonds redeemed by refunding. Definition: <a href="http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/translnd.pdf">http://www.census.gov/prod/1/gen/95/statab/translnd.pdf</a> (for each highway mile)	Shows how much money states are willing to spend to keep highways in good condition.		EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.27.1	Annual person hours of delay: Per Person in 2003	The amount of extra time per year, in hours, that a person spends traveling do to congestion.	This indicator is included to show the magnitude of congestion and the effects it has on a personal level.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1082 and Roadway Congestion: 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.census.gov">www.census.gov</a> >.
DD.27	Annual person hours of delay: Per Person in 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.28.1	Annual congestion cost: Per person (dol.) in 2003	The value per year, including the costs of time lost and fuel wasted, that an individual spends do to congestion.	This indicator is included to put a monetary value on the negative effects that traffic congestion has on an individual.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1082 and Roadway Congestion: 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.census.gov">www.census.gov</a> >.
DD.28	Annual congestion cost: Per person (dol.) in 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
DD.29.1	Annual congestion cost: delay and fuel cost (mil. dol.) in 2003	The value per year, including the costs of time lost due to delay and fuel wasted, that is attributed to congestion.	This indicator is included to put a monetary value on the negative effects of congestion.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1082 and Roadway Congestion: 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <www.census.gov>.
DD.29	Annual congestion cost: delay and fuel cost (mil. dol.) in 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
DD.30.1	Fuel Wasted (gal. per person) in 2003	The amount of fuel in gallons that a person wasted in 2003 do to moving at speeds slower than free-flow during peak period travel.	This indicator is included because the amount of fuel that is used is directly related to climate change and overall environmental degradation.		US Census Bureau. Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2006, Transportation, Table 1082 and Roadway Congestion: 2003. 2003 & 2006. 24 October 2006. <www.census.gov>.
DD.30	Fuel Wasted (gal. per person) in 2003 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
D.17.1	Median Household Income (2000)	The household income which divides all household incomes into two equal parts.	This indicator is included to show the relationship between household income and the ways in which it affects the environment and the affects of the environment on human security.	Data not in use	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.17	Median Household Income (2000) SCORE			Data not in use	EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.18.1	Median household Income (2004 est)	Household income is the sum of money income received in calendar year 1999 by all household members 15 years old and over, including household members not related to the householder, people living alone, and other nonfamily household members. Included are in the total are amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net self-employment income; interest, dividends, or net rental or royalty income or income from estates and trusts; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; Supplemental Security Income (SSI); public assistance or welfare payments; retirement, survivor, or disability pensions; and all other income. The median income divides the income distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and other having incomes below the median. Median is the halfway point. <a href="http://www.fedstats.gov/qf/meta/long_309547.htm">http://www.fedstats.gov/qf/meta/long_309547.htm</a>	This indicator is included to show the relationship between household income and the affect that the amount of earnings have on the health of the environment in which they live.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.18	Median household Income (2004 est) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.19.1	Per capita Personal Income (2000)	An individual's measure of wealth (income) ultimately used to calculate per capita income of a population.	This indicator is included to show the relationship between household income and the affect that the amount of earnings have on the health of the environment in which they live.	Data not in use	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000. 17 October 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.19	Per capita Personal Income (2000) SCORE			Data not in use	EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.20.1	Per capita income (2004 est)	Total personal income, divided by the total population. Per capita income is usually reported in units of currency per year. <a href="http://www.answers.com/per%20capita%20income">http://www.answers.com/per%20capita%20income</a>	This indicator is included to show the relationship between household income and the affect that the amount of earnings have on the health of the environment in which they live.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 26 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.20	Per capita income (2004 est) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.21.1	Families below poverty level % (2004 est)	<p>The number of families in a state that are extremely poor. The level of income below which one cannot afford to purchase all the resources one requires to live. People who have an income below the poverty line have no discretionary disposable income, by definition.</p> <p><a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poverty_line">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poverty_line</a> Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If the total income for a family or unrelated individual falls below the relevant poverty threshold, then the family or unrelated individual is classified as being "below the poverty level."</p>	<p>This indicator is included to show the relationship between household income and the ways in which it affects the environment. In this case, it shows how poverty influences environmental degradation.</p>	<p>Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY</p>	<p>US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 &amp; 2004. 27 June 2006. &lt;<a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a>&gt;.</p>
D.21	Families below poverty level % (2004 est) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.22.1	Individuals below poverty in 1999 (%)	<p>The number of individuals in a state that are extremely poor. The level of income below which one cannot afford to purchase all the resources one requires to live. People who have an income below the poverty line have no discretionary disposable income, by definition.</p> <p><a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poverty_line">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poverty_line</a></p> <p>Following the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB's) Directive 14, the Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to detect who is poor. If the total income for a family or unrelated individual falls below the relevant poverty threshold, then the family or unrelated individual is classified as being "below the poverty level."</p>	Shows the number of people who cannot afford to live in the city. Indicates the quality of life in the area.	Data not in use	U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.22	Individuals below poverty in 1999 (%) SCORE			Data not in use	EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.23.1	Individuals below poverty level % (2004 est)	Individuals whose income is below the poverty line; individuals whose quality of life is less than the average citizen; affected by factors including age, family size etc.	Shows the number of people who cannot afford to live in the city. Indicates the quality of life in the that locality.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.23	Individuals below poverty level % (2004 est) SCORE	Individuals whose income is below the poverty line; individuals whose quality of life is less than the average citizen; affected by factors including age, family size etc.	Gives insight to personal standard of living/household environment.		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.24.1	Household with Public Assistance Income % (2000)	The percentage of households which are assisted by government.	Indicates the amount of time/effort and amount of money the government puts in to improve the lives of its citizens.		U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov">Factfinder.census.gov</a> >.
D.24	Household with Public Assistance Income % (2000) SCORE	The percentage of households which are assisted by government.	Indicates the amount of time/effort and the amount of money the government puts in to improve the lives of its citizens.		EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.25.1	Children (under 18 yrs old) below poverty in 1999 (%)	Under age citizens who are below the poverty line; in a state of being extremely poor.	Indicates the portion of the population below 18 that live in poverty and the disproportionate burdens of health and environmental hazards they carry.		U.S. Census Bureau, Journey to Work: 2000. 2000. 23 June 2006. <Factfinder.census.gov>.
D.25	Children (under 18 yrs old) below poverty in 1999 (%) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.26.1	Population 16 years and over 2005	The number of people in the population that is above 16 years of age.	Indicates the portion of the population below 16 and their standard of living.		US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2005. 26 October 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.26.2	In the labor force: Unemployment 2005	All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, and (2) were actively looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week, were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, and were available for work except for temporary illness.	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2005. 26 October 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.

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QUALITY of LIFE (SITES): What, Why, and Where?

Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.26.3	In the labor force: Unemployment 2005 %	The portion of civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, and (2) were actively looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week, were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, and were available for work except for temporary illness.	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.26	In the labor force: Unemployment 2005 % SCORE		Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.27.1	Civilian labor force: Unemployed % 2005	The portion of unemployed citizens over 16 years of age, excluding federal government, military, and agricultural workers.	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2005. 30 October 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >; calculated based on (# of civilian people unemployed) divided by (population 16 years and over)
D.27	Civilian labor force: Unemployed % 2005 SCORE		Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.28.1	In the labor force: Unemployed (%) 2000	Percent of unemployed in 2000.	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2005. 30 October 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.28	In the labor force: Unemployed (%) 2000 SCORE		Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.29.1	Percent of the civilian labor force unemployed 2000	Percent of unemployed citizens over 16 years of age, excluding federal government, military, and agricultural workers.	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2005. 30 October 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.29	Percent of the civilian labor force unemployed 2000 SCORE		Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.30.1	Change in the labor force Unemployment, 2000 to 2005 (%)	Change in the proportion of unemployed from 2000-2005	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation:
D.30	Change in the labor force Unemployment, 2000 to 2005 (%) SCORE		Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.31.1	Change in the Civilian labor force Unemployed, 2000 to 2005 (%)	Change in the proportion of unemployed of the civilian labor force from 2000-2005	Shows the health of the economy within an environment		EDN Calculation:
D.31	Change in the Civilian labor force Unemployed, 2000 to 2005 (%) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.32.1	State Minimum Wage Laws 2006	Minimum wage is the minimum hourly, daily or monthly wage that must be paid to employees or workers. (wikipedia) The federal minimum wage for covered nonexempt employees is \$5.15 per hour. The federal minimum wage provisions are contained in the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). Many states also have minimum wage laws. (US Dept of Labor <a href="http://www.dol.gov/elaws/faq/esa/flsa/001.html">http://www.dol.gov/elaws/faq/esa/flsa/001.html</a> .	Indicates how states view the federal minimum wage by whether or not they enact a law that pays the same as the federal law, less than, or more than the federal minimum wage law and the affect it has on low-income people.		U.S. Department of Labor. Minimum Wage Laws in the States-April 3, 2006. 2006. 27 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.dol.gov/esa/minwage/america.htm">www.dol.gov/esa/minwage/america.htm</a> >.
D.32	State Minimum Wage Laws 2006 SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.33.1	State Minimum Wage Rates 2006	KS state minimum wage rate is below the Federal minimum wage. is the only state that does not have a minimum wage law. These states have no minimum wage laws: SC, TN, AZ, AL, MS, LA. AK, RI, DE, DC, CA, WA, OR, FL, NY, NJ, ME, MD, MA, MI, WI, MN, VT, CT, IL, HI are above the Federal minimum wage rate. The rest of the states pay the Federal minimum wage rate.	Shows a comparison between people working at the same job in different states and how rate of pay affects standard of living.		U.S. Department of Labor. Minimum Wage Laws in the States-April 3, 2006. 2006. 27 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.dol.gov/esa/minwage/america.htm">www.dol.gov/esa/minwage/america.htm</a> >.
D.33	State Minimum Wage Rates 2006 SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.34	# of School Age Kids, K-12, ages 5 to 17 (2004 est)	The number of children who receive education from kindergarten through 12th grade	Indicates how well public schools are funded in a particular geographical location by looking at the property tax base.	<p>Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY</p>	EDN Calculation:

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.35.1	School District Enrollment	Enrollment in regular school, either public or private, which includes nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.  US Census Fact Finder	Indicates the type of population that resides in a particular school district.	Data is from 2001, but report/study published Feb 2004;  There are 30 school districts in Phoenix,AZ one one included here. For Wilmington, DE see p. 50 of Urban Institute report, only three schools were included and they were averaged b/c the each include suburban areas but the average population is roughly the school age kids. Honolulu is state level data. This note applies to all school categories that follow and use the Urban Institute CPI data.	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.35.2	Largest School Race/Ethnic Group	A group of people who differ racially or politically from a larger group of which it is a part. a group of people who differ racially or politically from a larger group of which it is a part. Definition: Dictionary.com Minority group within a school with the most members.	Shows diversity of the school environment.		Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.35.3	School Minority %	Percentage of minorities within a given school	Shows diversity of the school environment.		Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.36.1	Free or Reduced Lunch %	The data on this topic are designed to measure the number of households where at least one member of the household received free or reduced-price lunches. The National School Lunch Program is designed "to help safeguard the health and well-being of the Nation's children by assisting the states in providing an adequate supply of foods" (P.L. 79-396, the National School Lunch Act of 1946) for all children at moderate cost. Additional assistance is provided for children determined by local school officials to be unable to pay the "full established" price for lunches. Like the Food Stamp program, the National School Lunch Program is administered by the Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture through state educational agencies or through regional USDA nutrition services for some nonprofit private schools. US Census FactFinder	Indicates the portion of children whose family income as determined by the Federal government are eligible for free or reduced price meals. Indicates fraction of children at risk.		Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Portrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.36	Free or Reduced Lunch % SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.37.1	Total CPI Graduation Rate (%)	The percentage of the total cumulative promotion index of graduation		CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.37	Total CPI Graduation Rate (%) SCORE			CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.38.1	Am Ind CPI Grad Rate (%)	The portion of the American Indian cumulative promotion index of graduation	This indicator is included because it offers a comparison between different racial groups and how this will affect future earnings,	CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.38.2	Asian CPI Grad Rate (%)	The portion of the Asian cumulative promotion index of graduation	This indicator is included because it offers a comparison between different racial groups and how this will affect future earnings,	CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.38.3	Hispanic CPI Grad Rate (%)	The portion of the Hispanic cumulative promotion index of graduation	This indicator is included because it offers a comparison between different racial groups and how educational attainment level will affect future earnings,	CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.38.4	Black CPI Grad Rate (%)	The portion of the African American cumulative promotion index of graduation	This indicator is included because it offers a comparison between different racial groups and how educational attainment level will affect future earnings,	CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.38.5	White CPI Grad Rate (%)	The portion of the white cumulative promotion index of graduation	This indicator is included because it offers a comparison between different racial groups and how educational attainment level will affect future earnings,	CPI = Cumulative Promotion Index (calculated by the Urban Institute)	Swanson, Christopher B. "Who Graduates? Who Doesn't? A Statistical Protrait of Public High School Graduation, Class of 2001." The Urban Institute. 2004. The Urban Institute - Education Policy Center. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934">http://www.urban.org/url.cfm?ID=410934</a> >.
D.39.1	High School Graduate or higher (2004 est)	The number of people who have graduated high school or have another form of higher education.	This indicator is included because it shows how educational attainment level will affect future earnings,	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.39	High School Graduate or higher (2004 est) SCORE			<p>Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY</p>	EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.40.1	Bachelor's Degree or Higher % (2004 est)	The percentage of people who have completed undergraduate work and hold a Bachelor's degree or higher	This indicator is included because it shows how educational attainment level will affect future earnings,	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.40	Bachelor's Degree or Higher % (2004 est) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.41.1	Adult Level 1 Literacy Rates, 1998	Literacy is defined by congress as: an individual's ability to read, write, and speak in English, and compute and solve problems at levels of proficiency necessary to function on the job and in society, to achieve one's goals, and develop one's knowledge and potential. -Adults at Level 1 can read and write, but may have trouble interpreting charts and locating more than one piece of information in an article. (National Institute for Literacy, The State of Literacy in America: Estimates at the Local, State and National Levels "Literacy, It's a Whole New Wolrd".)	Low literacy affects the quality of life. Many adults at Level 1 are living in poverty, are less likely to be employed, and are more likely to commit crimes.		National Institute for Literacy, The State of Literacy in America: Estimates at the Local, State and National Levels "Literacy, It's a Whole New Wolrd".
D.41	Adult Level 1 Literacy Rates SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution
D.42.1	State School Bus Efficiency 2002	Assessment of pollution performance of state's school bus fleet.	Indicator is included because exhaust fumes from older diesel fuel buses may pose risks to children's health. (Union of Concerned Scientists)		Union of Concerned Scientists. Pollution Report Card: Grading America's School Bus Fleets. 2006. 10 October 2006. <a href="http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanu p/pollution-report-card.html">http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanu p/pollution-report-card.html</a>
D.42	State School Bus Efficiency 2002 SCORE				EDN Calaculation: Convert evaluation to point system, see legend

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.43.1	Soot Grading System for Buses (Based on states)	Letter grade (A,B, C, or D) based on the amount of pollutions released from the average state school bus for estimated tailpipe emissions of soot. (Union of Concerned Scientists)	Benchmark is included because tailpipe emissions of soot warrants concern because of its potential to cause toxic "hot spots" - areas of higher exposure for children in or near buses putting children at a higher risk for health problems.. (Union of Concerned Scientists)		Union of Concerned Scientists. Pollution Report Card: Grading America's School Bus Fleets. 2006. 10 October 2006. <a href="http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanup/pollution-report-card.html">http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanup/pollution-report-card.html</a>
D.43	Soot Grading System for Buses (Based on states) SCORE				EDN Calculation: Convert evaluation to point system, see legend
D.44.1	State School Bus Cleanup Program Rank 2006				Union of Concerned Scientists. Pollution Report Card: Grading America's School Bus Fleets. 2006. 10 October 2006. <a href="http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanup/pollution-report-card.html">http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanup/pollution-report-card.html</a>
D.44	State School Bus Cleanup Program Rank 2006 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Convert evaluation to point system, see legend
D.45.1	State School Bus Smog Pollution Rank 2006				Union of Concerned Scientists. Pollution Report Card: Grading America's School Bus Fleets. 2006. 10 October 2006. <a href="http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanup/pollution-report-card.html">http://www.ucsusa.org/clean_vehicles/big_rig_cleanup/pollution-report-card.html</a>
D.45	State School Bus Smog Pollution Rank 2006 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Convert evaluation to point system, see legend

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.46.1	Occupied housing units (2004 est)	A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of people living in it at the time of enumeration. (US Census, Fact Finder see glossary)	Economic indicator.	<p>Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:</p> <p>Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY</p>	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.46.2	Owner-Occupied Housing (2004 est)	A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. US Census, Fact Finder see resources	Economic indicator.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia , SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.46.3	Renter-Occupied Housing (2004 est)	All occupied units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter-occupied. (US Census, FactFinder glossary)	Economic indicator.	Data is 2004 Census survey or estimate for most cities. The following cities (about 35%) did not have 2004 updates, so 2000 data is used since it is the most current available:  Birmingham, AL; Little Rock, AR; Wilmington, DE; Washington, DC; Boise, ID; Des Moines, IA; Portland, ME; Jackson, MS; Billings, MT; Manchester, NH; Fargo, ND; Columbia, SC; Sioux Falls, SD; Salt Lake City, UT; Burlington, VT; Cheyenne, WY	US Census Bureau, Fact Finder. 2000 & 2004. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en">http://factfinder.census.gov/home/saff/main.html?_lang=en</a> >.
D.46.4	Owner-Occupied Housing % (2004 est)	The portion of housing in which the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid.	Indicates what portion of the population can afford to buy a home, area that it is purchased in, and income.		EDN Calculation:
D.46	Owner-Occupied Housing % (2004 est) SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on distribution
D.47.1	Cost of Living: Housing	The average cost of the basic necessities of life such as housing. <a href="http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living">http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living</a>	Indicates what portion of earnings are set aside for housing and how this changes depend on whether the cost of housing is rising in relationship to wages and how that affects the amount that goes to other necessities.		<a href="http://www.bestplaces.net/city">Sperling's Best Places. Various. 27 June 2006. &lt;www.bestplaces.net/city&gt;.</a>

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.47	Cost of Living: Housing SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
D.48.1	Cost of Living: Utilities	The average cost of the basic necessities of life such as utilities. <a href="http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living">http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living</a>	Economic indicator.of the amount of money that has to be budgeted for unitilites in comparison to other necessities and the affect it has on standard of living.		Sperling's Best Places. Various. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.bestplaces.net/city">www.bestplaces.net/city</a> >.
D.48	Cost of Living: Utilities SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
D.49.1	Cost of Living: Miscellaneous	The average cost of the basic necessities of life. Expenditure on extras. <a href="http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living">http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living</a>	Economic indicator.of the amount of money that has to be budgeted for extras in comparison to other necessities and the affect it has on standard of living.		Sperling's Best Places. Various. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.bestplaces.net/city">www.bestplaces.net/city</a> >.
D.49	Cost of Living: Miscellaneous SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
D.50.1	Cost of Living: Overall	The average cost of the basic necessities of life covering or including everything. <a href="http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living">http://www.answers.com/cost%20of%20living</a>	Economic indicator that allows comparison with previous years. Shows how standard of living is affected by amount of take home pay.		Sperling's Best Places. Various. 27 June 2006. < <a href="http://www.bestplaces.net/city">www.bestplaces.net/city</a> >.
D.50	Cost of Living: Overall SCORE				
D.51.1	Voting Turnout in the Election of November 2004	The number of people who voted in the Election of November 2004.	Indicates how many people actively participate in deciding who governs them.		United States Election Project. 2004. 25 October 2006. < <a href="http://elections.gmu.edu/Voter_Turnout_2004.htm">http://elections.gmu.edu/Voter_Turnout_2004.htm</a> >.
D.51	Voting Turnout in the Election of November 2004 SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.52.1	State Volunteering Rate:2002-2005 Combined	The portion of people who willing offered themselves for a service or undertaking. Definition: <a href="http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/volunteer">http://dictionary.reference.com/browse/volunteer</a>	Affects sociology and future of an environment.		National Conference on Citizenship. America's Civic Health Index. 2006. 27 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.ncoc.net/conferences/2006civichealth.pdf">http://www.ncoc.net/conferences/2006civichealth.pdf</a> >.
D.52	State Volunteering Rate:2002-2005 Combined SCORE				EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
D.53.1	State Voter Turnout Rate: 2002 Election	A measure of the number of eligible voters who cast a ballot in the 2002 election.	Indicates how many people actively participate in deciding who governs them.		National Conference on Citizenship. America's Civic Health Index. 2006. 27 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.ncoc.net/conferences/2006civichealth.pdf">http://www.ncoc.net/conferences/2006civichealth.pdf</a> >.
D.53	State Voter Turnout Rate: 2002 Election SCORE		Indicates how many people actively participate in deciding who governs them.		EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution
D.54.1	State Voter Turnout Rate: 2004 Election	A measure of the number of eligible voters who cast a ballot in the 2004 election.	Indicates how many people actively participate in deciding who governs them.		National Conference on Citizenship. America's Civic Health Index. 2006. 27 October 2006. < <a href="http://www.ncoc.net/conferences/2006civichealth.pdf">http://www.ncoc.net/conferences/2006civichealth.pdf</a> >.
D.54	State Voter Turnout Rate: 2004 Election SCORE		Indicates how many people actively participate in deciding who governs them.		EDN Calculation: Based on Distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.55.1	2003 Violent Crime Rate (per 100K ppl)	A crime in which the offender uses or threatens violent force upon the victim. This entails both crimes in which the violent act is the objective, such as murder, as well as crimes in which violence is the means to an end, such as robbery. Violent crimes include crimes committed with and without weapons. (definition: <a href="http://dictionary.laborlawtalk.com/violent%20crime">http://dictionary.laborlawtalk.com/violent%20crime</a> )	Examines safety and sociology of an environment.	Includes Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault	FBI, Uniform Crime Reports as prepared by the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data, U.S. Department of Justice Office and Justice Programs Bureau of Justice Statistics. 2003. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm">http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm</a> >.
D.55.2	2003 Property Crime Rate (per 100K ppl)	The amount of times an illegal activity takes place against people's possessions in 2003 (per 100,000 people).	Examines safety and sociology of an environment.	Includes Burglary, Larceny-theft, Motor vehicle theft	FBI, Uniform Crime Reports as prepared by the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data, U.S. Department of Justice Office and Justice Programs Bureau of Justice Statistics. 2003. 23 June 2006. < <a href="http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm">http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm</a> >.
D.55.3	2003 Total Crime Rate (per 100K ppl)	The total amount of illegal activity taking place in 2003 (per 100,000 people).	Examines safety and sociology of an environment.		EDN Calculation: D.14.1 + D.14.2 (Property + Violent Crime Rates)
D.55	2003 Total Crime Rate (Incidents per 100K ppl) SCORE				EDN Calculation: based on distribution

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Ind. ID	Indicator for QUALITY of LIFE (SITES)	What is this Indicator?	Why is this Indicator Included?	Notes	Source (Where does this Indicator Come From?)
D.56.1	2004 Violent Crime Rate (incidents per 100K ppl)	A crime in which the offender uses or threatens violent force upon the victim. This entails both crimes in which the violent act is the objective, such as murder, as well as crimes in which violence is the means to an end, such as robbery. Violent crimes include crimes committed with and without weapons. (definition: <a href="http://dictionary.laborlawtalk.com/violent%20crime">http://dictionary.laborlawtalk.com/violent%20crime</a> )	Examines safety and sociology of an environment.		FBI, Uniform Crime Reports as prepared by the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data, U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Programs Bureau of Justice Statistics, <a href="http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm">http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm</a>
D.56.2	2004 property crime rate (incidents per 100k ppl)	The amount of times an illegal activity takes place against people's possessions in 2004 (per 100,000 people).	Examines safety and sociology of an environment.		FBI, Uniform Crime Reports as prepared by the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data, U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Programs Bureau of Justice Statistics, <a href="http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm">http://bjsdata.ojp.usdoj.gov/dataonline/Search/Crime/Local/OneYearofData.cfm</a>
D.56.3	2004 Total Crime Rate (Incidents per 100K ppl)	The total amount of illegal activity taking place in 2004 (per 100,000 people).	Examines safety and sociology of an environment.		EDN Calculation:
D.56	2004 Total Crime Rate (Incidents per 100K ppl) SCORE		Examines safety and sociology of an environment.		EDN Calculation: based on distribution